

FastTrack5 qualifying criteria checklist 4

Tidal works – impacts on maritime safety (operational works)

(SDAP version 2.4 dated 16 November 2018)

This form must be used when seeking a FastTrack5 assessment pathway for trigger:

1. schedule 10, part 17, division 3, table 2 (operational work in tidal waters)

When submitting an application containing a FastTrack5 trigger to SARA using MyDAS2, applicants must upload a completed qualifying criteria checklist for each eligible trigger. The responses on the form must demonstrate that the triggered aspect of development meets all qualifying criteria applicable to the relevant eligible trigger.

Applicants should also provide or make reference to any supporting information or material that supports their claim for a FastTrack5 assessment.

When seeking FastTrack5 assessment for eligible triggers, you must:

1. have completed any other forms relevant to your application
2. upload a completed copy of this form when referring your application using MyDAS2
3. provide all supporting information required on the form at the time of lodgement – this information will assist SARA in undertaking its FastTrack5 assessment.

All terms used in this form have the meaning given in the Act or the regulation.

Qualifying criteria		Response	Supporting information provided
Tidal works			
1	Is the proposed tidal works for one or more of the following uses: a. private single vessel pontoon b. private single vessel jetty c. private single vessel boat ramp d. drainage outlet e. stormwater outlet f. a revetment wall relating to tidal works listed in (a) to (e).	<p>Yes: Proceed to question 2. <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>No: Application cannot qualify for the FastTrack5 assessment pathway and must follow the standard SARA assessment. Please refer to the relevant SDAP state codes.</p>	
2	Will the proposed tidal works, including any structures and any vessel berthed, moored or attached to the structure: a. encroach into, pass over or under a navigation corridor ; or b. be located in a high risk maritime development zone .	<p>No: Application is eligible for FastTrack5 assessment. <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>A site/layout plan must be provided demonstrating that tidal works, including any structures and any vessel berthed at a structure: a. do not encroach into, pass over or under a navigation corridor; or b. are not located in a high risk maritime development zone.</p> <p>Yes: Application cannot qualify for the FastTrack5 assessment pathway and must follow the standard SARA assessment. Please refer to the relevant SDAP state codes.</p>	

Glossary of terms

DA mapping system means the mapping system containing the Geographic Information System mapping layers kept, prepared or sourced by the state that relate to development assessment and matters of interest to the state in assessing development applications.

Note: The **DA mapping system** is available on the department's website.

High risk maritime development zone means areas indicated in the **DA mapping system** as high risk maritime development zone. These are areas in the vicinity of ports, state boat harbours, marinas and navigationally difficult areas such as waterways which experience significant shoaling and waters between and around populated islands. High risk maritime development zone includes:

1. marinas with six or more boats
2. state boat harbours
3. port limits and/or pilotage areas
4. sensitive marine environments including areas of constant sand movement
5. from the coast to the extent of Queensland waters (three nautical miles).

Navigation corridor means areas indicated in the **DA mapping system** as navigation corridor. These are the sections of a navigable tidal waterway allocated for the movement of **vessels**.

Private single vessel pontoon is:

1. constructed to provide private access to private land from tidal water for non-commercial purposes, and
2. designed for a single on-water **vessel** to be attached to the pontoon while it remains on the water (this includes a jetty with up to four associated ancillary mooring such as a dry berth or a personal watercraft pod).

Private single vessel jetty is:

1. constructed to provide private access to private land from tidal water for non-commercial purposes, and
2. designed for a single on-water **vessel** to be attached to the jetty while it remains on the water (this includes a jetty with up to four associated ancillary mooring such as a dry berth or a personal watercraft pod).

Private single vessel boat ramp is a boat ramp constructed to provide private access to private land from tidal water for non-commercial purposes.

Revetment wall means a protective covering on an embankment of earth designed to maintain the slope or to protect it from erosion.

Vessel means a ship defined under section 10 of the *Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994*.

OFFICE USE ONLY

Date received:

Reference numbers: